Description of a PMP – Example Project

PMP Project: D12_M1C1Bil_mit_Teilung:

Evaluating a Grinding Circuit

Normally a test will take place in order to evaluate a grinding circuit. Therefore particle size distributions (PSD) and mass streams are defined. Strategies for evaluating can be developed with the PMP-software, and important apparatus characteristic curves and models can be derived from these information. Via complex comparisons, the PMP-Software shows advices of representativeness and robustness of the measuring datas as well as their balanced preparation.



The above figure shows a project which solves a complex balance task at a single grinding circuit. On the left side, the data structures for solving the task are available. The measured information (INPUT) of

- fresh material PSD and mass stream
- classification product PSD and mass stream
- classification coarse material PSD
- classification feed PSD
- splitter split ratio
- classifier rotor rotational speed, air flow
- mill power input, size

serves as initial values, which are filed at the first 4 objects.

From these objects, new data structures will be created via directed balance calculations. The calculations are marked with coloured connections:

- □ blue: calculation 1: reproduction of the splitting of the fresh material
- red calculation 2: transfer plant feed into the fresh material of the flowsheet
- green calculation 3: calculate tromp curve (three PSD's and a mass stream)
- gellow calculation 4: calculate mill discharge (balance at the combination classification feed)
- pink calculation 5: calculate mill feed (Mixture of fresh material fraction and classification coarse material)
- □ turquoise calculation 6: calculate characteristic curve for the comminution
- □ white calculation 7: transfer tromp curve into flowsheet
- □ black calculation 8: transfer mill characteristic curve into flowsheet

Therewith all balance calculations are created and the current apparatus descriptions are available at the flowsheet. The calculation of the steady state can occur. For evaluating measured datas, balance methods and models, the measured steady state can be compared with the measured datas. At the project, the comparison between the calculated product (steady state) and the preset product occurs (blue: calculation 9).

The results are displayed at views, which are filed at the right side of the project window at the TG-manager. This concerns different views, where

- □ input templates
- diagram- and table presentations with results of the balance calculation
- □ result overviews

are filed at flowsheet, diagram and table form. A summarize of the results occurs at the PMP-Report (see page 5: PMP circuit M1C1 Balance- and Simulation Calculations). At the following some interesting presentations are selected.

1. Summarize of input datas

INPUT: Settings File Edit Yiew Help Image: Setting Sett				
	designation	characteristics	value	
K1	INPUT: FRESH MATERIAL	Mass flow [t/h]	51.00	
K2	INPUT: CLASSIFIER PRODUCT	Mass flow [t/h]	51.00	
K3	Т1	Portion 1 [%]	100.00	
K4	FS: BaMi Mod 1	Mass flow [t/h]	107.58	
K5		Length [m]	7.50	
K6		Diameter [m]	3.80	
K7		P_eff [kW]	1500.00	
K8	FS: WiSi TG 1	Air-Flow [%]	95.00	
K9		S_rotation [1/min]	900	
K10	System Balance Failure	s-char-curve [%]	0.05	
K11	FS: Classifier Coarse Material	Mass flow [t/h]	56.58	

2. Presentation of results of the classification balance:

Tromp curve and

Balanced PSD's



3. Presentation of results of the mill balance (balance of mill model 13 with the energy characteristic curve



4. Results of the simulation at steady state:

Flowsheet



5. Results of the simulation at steady state:

PSD's at the circuit



6. Evaluating measured datas of the grinding product via comparison of the PSD of the product and the PSD resulted via the simulation at the steady state. Basis are the apparatus curves, resulted via the balances at the steady state.



Results:

All tasks, from comparibility of measured datas until simulation calculations at a steady state including representative result views, are formulated at this PMP-project. The building of this project occurs via a well directed selection of methods. This project can be filed as template and used for any futher evaluation. The carring out occurs at three steps:

- 1. allocate INPUT-structures and input templates with current datas
- 2. start calculations: calculate actionlist and flowsheet
- 3. evaluate results at views, characteristic values and print report.

The project can be adjusted at any changed situation.



PMP Circuit M1C1 : Balance- and Simulation Calculations

Measured PSD's

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5000 10000

Simulated PSD's

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xm3

µm 10750.01 5133.44 65.27

65.27 23.80 102.70

5000 10000

500 1000

x3(Q=80.00%)

μm 17665.78 11466.28 84.76

84.76 37.21 136.36

xm3 µm 10750.01 69.38 110.05 23.86

x3(Q=80.00 %) µm 17665.78 85.91 138.71 37.31

50000

Sm cm²/g 178.85 3907.47 10270198.21 4682.86

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Sm cm²/g 178.85 1625.97 3907.43 3907.43 4684.45 6297470.87

50000

